Ninth New Collegiate Dictionary

a Merriam-Webster

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elas, fr. Gk LET (1676) s a purga

fr. L calor] onsible for

relating to

lor heat, fr. unt of heat perature of 4.19 joules amount of i water one d also kiloalent to the ng value in I having an

!lorlficus, fr. ion of heat 4): any of or evolved :al-2-r2-me-\-tri-k(2-)le\

;. It caloiero, l age] (1599)

18) : a high= are to tram-AN TRANSLA

ketrappe star

1 a pl but
also: any of
2: a device e are on the

, fr. LL cala-'3): a highly

to utter mali-2 : to injure

r marked by

calomnie, fr. calumny, Gk ges or misrep-reputation 2 ation Normandy, of Calvados.

fr. L calvaria v or lower jaw

rusalem where m of the cruci-

suffering three steps —

E cealfian, fr.
5: to produce
o that a part
n ice mass: to

the theological nphasis on the ination — Cal-ik\ adj — Cal-

fr. L calx lime

a sea nymph in a the island of a bulbous bog agle flower var-

a style of music meter, and hav-cal personalities -\ n or adj dyptein to cover erwort or moss; in a moss

in a moss
\"kā-lə-,sēz also
.uce] (1693) 1
ting of sepals
or a division of

i [It, fr. calzone, stuffed with sa-

cam \"kam\ n [perh. fr. F came, fr. G kamm. lit., comb, fr. OHG kamb] (1777): a rotating or sliding piece that imparts motion to a roller moving against its edge or to a pin free to move in a groove on its face or that receives motion from such a roller or pin cama-ra-de-rie \kam(-2)-ria-3-rie, \kam(-2)-, -rad-\ n [F. fr. camarade comrade] (1840): a spirit of friendly good-fellowship cama-rilla \kam-2-ri-2, -rie-(\yamma-rilla \kam-2-ri-2)-\ n [F. fr. camarade comrade] (1839): a group of unofficial often secret and scheming advisers: also: CABAL camas also cam-ass \\ kam-2s\ n [Chinook Jargon kamass] (1805): any of a genus (Camassia esp. C. quamash) of plants of the lily family of the western U.S. with edible bulbs — compare DEATH CAMAS (1805): any clam-ber \(\lambda \text{camber} \) vb cam-ber-red; cam-ber-ring \\ \block-lin\ \text{f} \ F cambrer. [r. MF cambre curved, fr. L camur — more at Chamber] \(\text{v} \) (1627): to curve upward in the middle \(\sim \text{v} \) \(\text{T} \) : to arch slightly \(2 \): to impart camber (1822) \(\text{v} \) \(\text{v} \) \(\text{v} \) \(\text{v} \)

fr. MF cambre curved, it. L cambre — into a chambary w 1027, in cambre to camber to 2 camber to 2 camber n (1823) 1; a slight convexity, arching, or curvature (as of a beam, deck, or road) 2: the convexity of the curve of an airfoil from the leading edge to the trailing edge 3; a setting of the wheels of an automotive vehicle closer together at the bottom than at the top cambieum \kam-b\u00e5-am\n, \n/p! -bi-ums or -bia\u00e7-b\u00e5-a\left[NL, fr. ML, exchange, fr. L cambre to exchange — more at change [1671]: a thin formative layer between the xylem and phloem of most vascular plants that gives rise to new cells and is responsible for secondary growth — cambiel\u00e1\u00e5-a\left Aam-b\u00f6-\u00e5-an\n (1770) 1: a native or inhabitant of Cambodia 1 \u00e5-k\u00e5-an\u00e7, k\u00e5m\u00e5-an\u00e4 adf [ML Cambria Wales, fr. MW Cynry Wales, Welshmen] (1650) 1: wellsh 2: of, relating to, or being the earliest geologic period of the Paleozoic era or the corresponding system of rocks marked by fossils of every great animal type except the vertebrate and by scarcely recognizable plant fossils — Cambrian n. Pils, n. [bbs. Flem Kameryk Cambrai, city of France]

Cambrian n cambric 'kām-brik\ n [obs. Flem Kameryk Cambrai, city of France] (1530) 1: a fine thin white linen fabric 2: a cotton fabric that resembles cambric cambric tea n (1888): a hot drink of water, milk, sugar, and often a

small amount of tea

cambric tea n (1888): a hot drink of water, milk, sugar, and often a small amount of tea leame past of COME leame | Vakm | n [origin unknown] (1688): a slender grooved lead rod used to hold together panes of glass esp. in a stained-glass window camel | Vkam-al | n [ME, Ir. OE & ONF, Ir. L camelus. Ir. Gk & Amelos, of Sem origin; akin to Heb & Phoenician gamāl camel] (bef. 12c) 1; either of two large ruminant mammals used as draft and saddle animals in desert regions sep. of Africa and Asia: a : the one-humped camel (Camelus domedarius) of western Asia and northern Africa — called also dromedary b : the two-humped camel (C bactrianus) of Chinese Turkestan and Mongolia — called also Bactrian camel 2: a watertight structure used esp. 10 lift submerged ships 3: a variable color averaging a light yellowish brown camel-back \kam-al-,bak \nabla (1860) 1: the back of a camel 2: an uncured compound chiefly of reclaimed or synthetic rubber used for retreading or recapping pneumatic tires camelese; kam-al-[logh n (1808): a camel driver



uncured compound chiefly of retaining of symmetre tools used for retreading or recapping pneumatic tires camel-leer $_$ kam-a-"li(a)r $_$ n (1808): a camel driver camel hair a(so camel's hair n (14c) 1: the hair of the camel or a substitute for it (as hair from squirrels' tails) 2: cloth made of camel hair or a mixture of camel hair and wool usu, light tan and of soft silky

texture camel·lia \ka-'mël-ya\ n [NL Camellia, fr. Camellus (Georg Josef Kamel †1706 Moravian Jesuit missionary]] (1753): any of several shrubs or trees (genus Camellia) of the tea family; esp: an ornamental greenhouse shrub (C. Japonica) with glossy evergreen leaves and showy

greenhouse shrub (C. Japonica) with glossy evergreen leaves and showy roselike flowers
ca-mel-o-pard \ka-'mel-a-,pārd\ n [LL camelopardus, alter. of L camelopardalis, fr. dk kamēlopardalis, fr. kamēlos + pardalis leopard] (14c)
1: GIRAFFE 2 cap: CAMELOPARDALIS
Camelo-parda-lis \ka-,mel-a-'pārd-'l-as\ n [L (gen. Camelopardalis, camelopard]: a northern constellation between Cassiopeia and Ursa
Major

Major
Came-blot ('kam-a-, lät' n 1: the site of King Arthur's palace and court
2: a time, place, or atmosphere of idyllic happiness
Cam-em-bert ('kam-am-,be(a)r', n [F, fr. Camembert, Normandy,
France] (1878); a soft surface-ripened cheese with a thin grayish white
rind and a yellow interior
came o ('kam-e-,o', n, pl -eos [It] (15c) 1 a: a gem carved in relief; esp
: a small piece of sculpture on a stone or shell cut in relief in one layer
with another contrasting layer serving as background b; a small
medallion with a profiled head in relief 2; a carving or sculpture
made in the manner of a cameo 3: a usu. brief literary or filmic piece
that brings into delicate or sharp relief the character of a person, place,
or event 4: a small theatrical role (as in television) performed by a
well-known actor and often limited to a single scene — cameo adj —
cameo w

well-known actor and often limited to a single scene — cameo any cameo w (ameo w (amera \(\) kam-(o-)ro\ n [LL, room — more at CHAMBER] (1712) 1; the creasury department of the papal curia 2 a: CAMERA OBSCURA b: a lightproof box litted with a lens through the aperture of which the image of an object is recorded on a light-sensitive material c: the part of a television transmitting apparatus in which the image to be televised is formed for conversion into electrical impulses — on camera is before a live televising camera (amera lucida \(\)_kam-(o-)ro-\(\)16-sod-\(\) n [NL, lit., light chamber] (1831): an instrument that by means of a prism or mirrors and often a microscope causes a virtual image of an object to appear as if projected upon a plane surface so that an outline may be traced (amera.man \(\)kam-(o-)ro-man, \(\)mon \(\)n (1908) 1; one who operates a camera 2: one who sells photographic equipment

camera obscura \kam-(a-)ra-ab'skyūr-a\ n [NL, lit., dark chamber] (1725): a darkened enclosure having an aperture usu. provided with a lens through which light from external objects enters to form an image of the objects on the opposite surface camer-lenge \kam-a-fuc/\langle \ka

laborer campes-tral kam-'pes-trol adj [L campestr-, campester, fr. campus] (ca. 1736); of or relating to fields or open country; RURAL Camp Fire Girl n [fr. Camp Fire Girls, Inc.] (1912); a member of a national organization of girls from 7 to 18 camp follower n (1810) 1: a civilian who follows a military unit to attend or exploit military personnel; specif: PROSTITUTE 2: a disciple or follower who is not of the main body of members or adherents; esp: a politician who joins the party or movement solely for personal gain

\a\ abut \a\ kitten, F table \ar\ further \a\ ash \a\ ace \a\ cot, cart \au\out \ch\chin \e\bet \e\easy \g\go \i\hit \I\ice \j\job \n\sing \o\ go \o\ law \oi\ boy \th\ thin \th\ the \ii\ loot \u\ foot \y\ yet \zh\ vision \a, k, ", ce, ce, te, te, \\ see Guide to Pronunciation





